

### Physical & Mechanical Properties

Composition		Color Coordinates				Density (g/cc)		As cast Hardness (HV)	
		Karat	L*	a*	b*				
Cu	55.70%	10K 925	87.2	-0.01	9.34	10K 925	10.92	10K 925	144
Ag	0.80%	14K 925	87.38	0.33	11.06	14K 925	12.47	14K 925	172
Zn	26.00%	18K 925	87.39	1.23	14.4	18K 925	14.53	18K 925	185
Ni	17.50%								

### Melting & Casting Instructions

Temperatures				
	Karat	°C	°F	
Pre alloying	9K - 14K	1100° - 1120° C	2012° - 2048° F	
	18K	1050° - 1060° C	1922° - 1940° F	
Casting	10K	1090° - 1100° C	1994° - 2030° F	
	14K	1005° - 1025° C	1841° - 1877° F	
	18K	965° - 985° C	1769° - 1805° F	
Flask	9K - 18K	540° - 675° C	1004° - 1247° F	
Quench Time	10-12 Minutes		Remelting	70% Fresh Mix

### General Instructions

- Very little boric acid flux is recommended. Do not use carbon flux such as soda ash, saltpeter etc. No flux needed in bottom pour automatic casting unit.
- Flouric based investment removers are the best for silicon oxide invisible coating. Use of aggressive acid causes corrosion and surface damage. United's brite cast investment removers works effectively.
- To calculate the weight of the metal needed (in grams), multiply density (gm/cc) with weight of wax (grams). Add 10% of the total weight for button.
- Gypsum bonded investment is recommended. Follow manufacturer's instruction for burnout cycle.

**Note:** There are proprietary metals in the formulation which are not included in the composition section.

**Technical Assistance:** Always available... Call 1-800-999-3463 / 1-800-999-FINE

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