

Sterling Silver 97NA

Purpose - All purpose

Advantages - Heat treatable, fabricable, good
tarnish resistance

Physical & Mechanical Properties

Composition		Density (g/cc)
Ag	92.50%	
Cu	4.50%	10.25
Zn	3.00%	

Hardness (HV)		
As cast	90	
1 stage hardened	91	
2 stage hardened	100	

Melting & Casting Instructions

Temperatures				
Pre alloying	1010° - 1040° C	1850° - 1904° F		
Casting	960° - 990° C	1760° - 1814° F		
Flask	540° - 650° C	1004° - 1202° F		

Process parameters		
Quench Time	20-25 minutes	
Remelting	50% fresh mix	

Heat treatment Instructions

(1) 1 Stage Hardening process for medium to high hardness:

Heat the sample at 450° C for 1 hour and air cool.

(2) 2 Stage Hardening process for super high hardness:

Stage 1 - Anneal the sample at 700° C for 15 - 25 minutes (depending on the size) & quench in water.

Stage 2 - Heat the sample at 450° C for 1 hour and air cool

Note: Cover the object with slurry of Borax / Boric acid paste to protect the surface from discoloration.

General Instructions

- Fluxing: It may be necessary to flux these silver melts. We recommend Boric Acid. Do not use Carbon Containing Fluxes or Charcoal. Skim any surface oxides off the surface before stirring.
- **Investment removal:** <u>Flouric based</u> investment removers are the best for silicon oxide invisible coating. Use of aggressive acid causes corrosion and surface damage. <u>United's brite cast</u> works very effectively.
- To calculate the weight of the metal needed (in grams), <u>multiply density (gm/cc) with weight of wax</u> (grams). Add 10% of the total weight for button.

Note: There are proprietary metals in the formulation which are not included in the composition section.

Technical Assistance: Always available... Call: 1-800-999-3463 / 1-800-999-FINE

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